Precision Actuation for Industry

## Installation \& Operation Manual

This IOM is for the following ProMation Engineering Products:

| $P 2-12 N 4+A C-R O$ | $P 3-12 N 4+A C-R O$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $P 2-12 N 4+D C-R O$ | $P 3-12 N 4+D C-R O$ |
| $P 2-12 N 4+A C D C-R O$ | $P 3-12 N 4+A C D C-R O$ |
| $P 2-24 N 4+A C D C-R O$ | $P 3-24 N 4+A C D C-R O$ |
|  |  |
| $P 2-12 N 4+A C-R C$ | $P 3-12 N 4+A C-R C$ |
| $P 2-12 N 4+D C-R C$ | $P 3-12 N 4+D C-R C$ |
| $P 2-12 N 4+A C D C-R C$ | $P 3-12 N 4+A C D C-R C$ |
| $P 2-24 N 4+A C D C-R C$ | $P 3-24 N 4+A C D C-R C$ |



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## Product Specifications



| Actuator Specifications | P2 |  | P3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Torque "lb/Nm | 800"lbs/90Nm |  | 1335"Ibs/150Nm |  |
| Supply Voltage | $12 \mathrm{vac} / \mathrm{vdc}$ | $24 \mathrm{vac} / \mathrm{vdc}$ | $12 \mathrm{vac} / \mathrm{vdc}$ | 24vac/vdc |
| Max Inrush Current | 5.2A | 4.5A | 4.9A | 5.0A |
| Running Current | 3.4A | 2.2A | 4.4A | 2.4A |
| Motor | DC Brush Type |  |  |  |
| Runtime (90 ${ }^{\circ}$ @ $60 \mathrm{~Hz} / \mathrm{vdc}$ ) | 15 sec |  | 22 sec |  |
|  | 15 sec |  | 22 sec |  |
| Duty Cycle | 75\% |  |  |  |
| Motor Starts | 1200 per hour |  |  |  |
| Weight | $26 \mathrm{lbs} / 12 \mathrm{~kg}$ |  |  |  |
| Mechanical Connections | ISO F07 F10 22mm/Imp 3.5in BHCin $3 / 4 \mathrm{X} 1 / 2$ in |  |  |  |
| Electrical Entry | (2) 3/4" NPT |  |  |  |
| Electrical Terminations | 12-16ga |  |  |  |
| Environmental Rating | NEMA 4/4X |  |  |  |
| Manual Override | 5" Handwheel |  |  |  |
| Control | On/Off/Jog |  |  |  |
| Actuator Case Material | Aluminum Alloy, Powder coated |  |  |  |
| Motor Protection | $230^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Thermal $\mathrm{F}^{*}$ Class *Totally Enclosed Non-Ventilated Motors |  |  |  |
| Ambient Temperature Operating Range | $\begin{aligned} & -22^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \text { to }+125^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ & -30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+52^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |

## Introduction

This document provides necessary information for set-up, calibration, testing and use of the $P$ Series quarter-turn electric actuators stated on the cover page. Each unit is shipped from the factory with initial calibration of mechanical stops, cams and switches completed for 0-90 degree operation. However, these are general settings and serve as a starting point for proper calibration of the actuator in its real-world application.

## Safety

Safety is a basic factor any time you maintain and operate mechanical equipment. Appropriate handling methods and proper use of tools and personal protective equiptment (PPE) can help prevent serious accidents which can cause injuries to you or a fellow worker. This manual was created to enable a trained user to install, adjust and troubleshoot your ProMation actuator.

Only competent and trained personnel should install, maintain and operate ProMation actuators. Any work related to this actuator must be carried out in accordance with this manual and related codes and regulations. Local workplace health and safety rules must always be followed.

## Duty cycle

Duty cycle is the percent of time that an actuator spends running as a fraction of the total time. Duty Cycle is directly related to heat; excessively repositioning an actuator typically results in motor overheating which can cause permanent damage and/or reduced service life.

Duty cycle can be calculated as follows:
(example P2 series actuator running 3 seconds ON and 30 seconds OFF)
Runtime $=3 \mathrm{~s}$, Total time $=3 \mathrm{~s}+30 \mathrm{~s}=33 \mathrm{~s}$, therefore this duty cycle would be $9 \%(3 / 33)$
Additionally, ProMation P series actuators are designed for a maximum of 1200 starts per hour (one start every 3 seconds maximum).

## Shipping and Handling

1. This actuator is shipped in the FULLY CW position (2 color position indicator shows "CLOSE" and the Reference Dimple aligns with "0"). (The "1" mark is the FULLY CCW position).
2. CONDUIT DEVICES MUST COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE ELECTRICAL CODES FOR HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS.

LES DISPOSITIFS DE CONDUIT DOIVENT ÊTRE CONFORMÉS DE TOUS LES CODES ÉLECTRIQUES APPLICABLES POUR LOCATIONS DANGEREUSES.
3. Storage: This unit should NOT be stored outside unless it is powered up and has proper conduit terminations. When NOT powered up, it should be stored

REFERENCE DIMPLE

4. This actuator has been factory calibrated to operate between 0 degrees and 90 degrees. Most quarter-turn products will not require recalibration of these settings. Check alignment of actuator and driven device. If any travel adjustment is necessary, please refer to pages 7-9 for instructions.

## Product Mounting and Setup

1. Fully CLOSE the valve or damper to which the actuator is to be mounted.

- Keep in mind this actuator rotates CW (as viewed from above the unit) when driving CLOSED.

2. Assemble necessary linkage components and attach the actuator to the driven device.
3. Tighten mounting bolts, making sure actuator is centered on the device drive shaft.
4. Utilize the handwheel to check for unobstructed manual operation from fully CCW to fully CW positions BEFORE applying power to the unit.
5. Torque Switches (2), if so equipped, are factory set and are NOT adjustable.
6. Make the electrical connections per wiring diagram on page 5 or 6 depending on your model.

- Connect POWER AND CONTROL to terminals marked 1, 2, and A.
- Terminals 7-12 on the switch card (430-10100) are for the (adjustable) aux switches. They are dry type Form C rated 15A @ 250vac MAX.

7. Follow all rules and regulations for installing electrical equipment per applicable electrical code.
8. Do NOT apply power at this time.

## Installation Notes

- These actuators are designed to be used between a horizontal and upright position. Do NOT mount the assembly with the actuator top below a horizontal position.
- When installing conduit, use proper techniques for entry into the actuator. Use drip loops to prevent conduit condensate from entering the actuator.
- Mechanical travel stops are factory calibrated for 90 degree operation. These stops are NOT designed to adjust mechanical rotation by more than +/- 3 degrees, they are for positioning the handwheel only.
- Both NPT conduit ports MUST use proper equipment to protect the rated integrity of the housing.
- The internal heater is to be used in ALL applications.
- Do NOT install the actuator outdoors or in humid environments unless it is powered up and the heater is functioning.
- Use proper wire size to prevent actuator failure (see chart on page 5 or 6 for proper wire sizing for your model).
- All terminals accept 12-16AWG solid/stranded wire.
- Do NOT parallel wire multiple actuators together without utilizing isolation relays! Contact ProMation Engineering for a multiple actuator parallel wiring diagram.

NE PAS mettre en parallèle des actionneurs multiples simultanément sans utiliser de relais d'isolement! Contactez ProMation Engineering pour un diagramme de câblage parallèle à plusieurs actionneurs.


Wire Sizing Chart

|  | MAX distance between Actuator and Supply (feet) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Actuator | P2 | P3 |
| Voltage | 24VAC/VDC | 24VAC/VDC |
| Wire <br> Gmps | $4.5 A$ | $\mathbf{5 . 0 A}$ |
| 18 | -- | -- |
| 16 | 58 | 52 |
| 14 | 93 | 84 |
| 12 | 143 | 128 |
| 10 | 242 | 218 |
| 8 | 362 | 326 |

## Adjusting the actuator CW position

## Serious Damage to the actuator will result if the motor is allowed to drive the gear train into the mechanical stop!! Remove power from this device BEFORE making any travel adjustments.

This actuator has been factory calibrated to operate between 0 degrees and 90 degrees.
Most quarter-turn products will not require recalibration of these settings. Proceed ONLY if adjustments are required.


The mechanical stop screw limits handwheel operation ONLY and is NOT to be used as an electrical travel limiting device.

## Adjusting the actuator CCW position

Serious Damage to the actuator will result if the motor is allowed to drive the gear train into the mechanical stop!! Remove power from this device BEFORE making any travel adjustments.

This actuator has been factory calibrated to operate between 0 degrees and 90 degrees. Most quarter-turn products will not require recalibration of these settings. Proceed ONLY if adjustments are required.


## Loosen Mechanical Stop

1. BEFORE power is applied, use a 17 mm wrench and a 5 mm hex key to loosen the LEFT SIDE mechanical stop. This is the CCW stop limit adjustment. Turn the stop screw 5-6 turns CCW to allow electrical cam stop adjustment without running into the mechanical stop screw.
2. Use the manual hand wheel to position the actuator to your required CCW position. This must be within +/- 3 degrees of the factory setting.

## Adjust Cam 2

3. The second cam is Cam 2, the CCW end-of-travel adjustment. Once the actuator is at its required CCW position, with POWER OFF, use a 2.5 mm hex key to free up the cam set screw. Once it is free, rotate the hex key to the LEFT 10-15 degrees to reset the switch roller arm. Then snug the set screw up against the camshaft (CW) until slight pressure is felt. Then SLOWLY rotate the hex key pushing the cam to the RIGHT until you hear the "click" on the second switch indicating that correct adjustment has been achieved. Tighten the set screw.

4. Apply power to the actuator and drive CW at least 15-20 degrees. Then drive the actuator CCW until the cam stops the electrical travel. Check to be sure this is the correct CCW position you require. Repeat step 3 if further adjustment is needed.

## Tighten Mechanical Stop

5. While holding the 17 mm wrench on the LEFT SIDE jam nut to prevent the jam nut from locking, turn the 5 mm hex key CW until the end of the stop screw bottoms out against the internal stop boss. Then turn the hex key ONE FULL TURN CCW before locking that adjustment with the jam nut. This procedure assures that the actuator reaches its end of travel electrically before there is any interference from the mechanical stop.
6. This completes the CCW position calibration.

The mechanical stop screw limits handwheel operation ONLY and is NOT to be used as an electrical travel limiting device.

## Adjusting the actuator Auxiliary Switches



## Adjust Cam 3

1. The THIRD cam is Cam 3, the CW auxiliary switch adjustment. Drive the actuator to its CW position. Then use a 2.5 mm hex key to free up the cam set screw. Once it is free, rotate the hex key to the RIGHT 10-15 degrees to reset the switch roller arm. Then snug the set screw up against the camshaft (CW) until slight pressure is felt. Then SLOWLY rotate the hex key and cam to the LEFT until you hear the "click" on the third switch. Continue to rotate the cam between 3 and 5 degrees to the LEFT to make sure the auxiliary cam switch changes state before the actuator reaches its end of travel electrically. Tighten the cam set screw.

## Adjust Cam 4

1. The FOURTH cam is Cam 4, the CCW auxiliary switch adjustment. Drive the actuator to its CCW position. Then use a 2.5 mm hex key

Cam 4
to free up the cam set screw. Once it is free, rotate the hex key to the LEFT 10-15 degrees to reset the switch roller arm. Then snug the set screw up against the camshaft (CW) until slight pressure is felt. Then SLOWLY rotate the hex key to the RIGHT until you hear the "click" on the fourth switch. Continue to rotate the cam between 3 and 5 degrees to the RIGHT to make sure the auxiliary cam switch changes state before the actuator reaches its end of travel electrically. Tighten the cam set screw.




## Commissioning

After completing all mounting and wiring procedures and main power is available, it is now possible to commission the actuator.

1. Utilize the handwheel to rotate the actuator and damper, valve or other connected device through its full travel from fully CW to fully CCW and back again to check for any possible interference.

- Do NOT utilize any mechanical advantage devices to rotate the handwheel (pipes, wrenches, extension bars, etc.).

2. Manually position the actuator to its mid-stroke position.
3. Make certain the 3 wire orange plug is fully seated on the 3-pin receptacle on the switch board.
4. Apply correct power to the unit.
4.A Measure correct power on terminals marked (1) and (2) on the switch board. AC Hot or DC (+) on terminal marked 1 and AC Neu or DC (-) on terminal marked 2.
4.B Measure correct power on the two heater terminals on the switch board.
5. Command the field device to generate a CCW signal. The actuator rotates in a CCW direction (as viewed from above).

- Measure terminals 1 and 6 for correct voltage (matching that measured in step 4.A).
- Actuator will stop when it reaches it's fully CCW position.

6. Command the field device to generate a CW signal. The actuator rotates in a CW direction (as viewed from above).

- Measure terminals 1 and 4 for correct voltage (matching that measured in step 4.A).
- Actuator will stop when it reaches it's fully CW position.

7. Generate a mid-position signal at the field device to move the actuator off its full CW trip position.
8. Actuator is now commissioned and operational.
