

Installation & Operation Manual





Field Manual

Standard Proportional Control

PX1- 24PN7-ACDC PX1.A- 24PN7-ACDC

ISO5211 F03/05 8P14

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Product Specifications

Actuator Specifications	PX1	PX1.A	
Torque "lb/Nm	300"lbs/35Nm	450"lbs/50Nm	
Supply Voltage	24vac/dc	24vac/dc	
Max Inrush Current	2.8/1.8A	2.8/1.8A	
Running Current	1.6/1.4A	1.6/1.4A	
Motor	DC Brush Type	DC Brush Type	
Runtime (90°@vdc)	15 sec	26 sec	
Runtime (90°@60Hz)	14 sec	23 sec	
Duty Cycle	75%	75%	
Motor Starts	1200 per hour	1200 per hour	
Weight	5lbs/3kg	7lbs/3kg	
Mechanical Connections	ISO5211 F03/F05 8pt 14mm	ISO5211 F07 8pt 17mm	
Electrical Entry	(2) 1/2" NPT (2) 1/2" NPT		
Electrical Terminations	14-18ga	14-18ga	
Environmental Rating	NEMA 4/4X	NEMA 4/4X	
Manual Override	8mm Socket Drive	8mm Socket Drive	
Control	On/Off/Jog	On/Off/Jog	
Actuator Case Material	Aluminum Alloy, Powder coated Aluminum Alloy, Powder		
Matan Doute ation	230°F/110°C Thermal F* Class	230°F/110°C Thermal F* Class	
Motor Protection	*Totally Enclosed Non-Ventilated Motors	*Totally Enclosed Non-Ventilated Motors	
Ambient Temperature	-22°F to +158°F	-22°F to +158°F	
Operating Range	-30°C to +70°C	-30°C to +70°C	

Introduction

The following procedure is to be followed for set-up, calibration, testing and use of the P Series quarter-turn electric actuators. Each unit is shipped from the factory with initial calibration of cams and switches completed for 0-90 degree operation. However, these are general settings and serve as a starting point for proper calibration of the actuator in its real-world application. There are no mechanical stops on this model.

Safety

Safety is a basic factor any time you maintain and operate mechanical equipment. Use of proper handling methods, tools and clothes can help prevent serious accidents -- accidents which can cause injuries to you or a fellow worker. This manual was created to enable a trained user to install, adjust and troubleshoot your ProMation P Series actuator.

Only competent and trained personnel should install, maintain and repair ProMation Actuators. Any work related to this Actuator must be carried out in accordance with this manual and related codes and regulations. Local workplace health and safety rules should always be followed.

Duty cycle

Duty cycle is the percent of time that an actuator spends running as a fraction of the total time. Duty Cycle is directly related to heat; overusing an actuator typically results in motor overheating which can permanently damage it. Overheating also consumes more electricity. Generally speaking, the hotter a motor becomes, the longer 'rest' it needs to cool down so it runs efficiently.



Shipping and Handling

- 1. This actuator is shipped in the FULLY CW (position indicator shows "CLOSE") position.
- 2. NOTE, THIS ACTUATOR MUST HAVE WATER TIGHT EMT FITTINGS, WITH CONDUIT DRAINAGE INSTALLED AND POWER SUPPLIED TO UNIT TO KEEP THE HEATER WARM AT THE TIME OF INSTALLATION.
- 3. Storage: This unit should NOT be stored outside unless it is powered up and has proper conduit terminations. When NOT powered up, it should be stored in a clean, dry environment at all times.
- 4. This actuator has been factory calibrated to operate between 0 degrees and 90 degrees. Most quarter-turn products will not require recalibration of these settings. If any travel adjustment is necessary, please refer to pages 6-8 for instructions.
- 5. The actuator CANNOT operate with a rotation greater than 90 degrees.



The actuator is shipped from the factory in its fully CW position. The top illustration shows Red for CW, Yellow for CCW.

Product Mounting and Setup

- 1. Fully CLOSE the valve or damper to which the actuator is to be mounted.
 - Keep in mind this actuator rotates CW (as viewed from above the unit) when driving CLOSED.
- 2. Assemble necessary linkage components and attach the actuator to the driven device.
- 3. Tighten mounting bolts, making sure actuator is centered on the device drive shaft.
- 4. Utilize the manual override (8mm hex output drive on bottom of actuator) to check for unobstructed manual operation from fully CW to fully CCW positions BEFORE applying power to the unit.

Warning: DO NOT operate manual override when power is present. Geartrain damage and personal injury may occur.

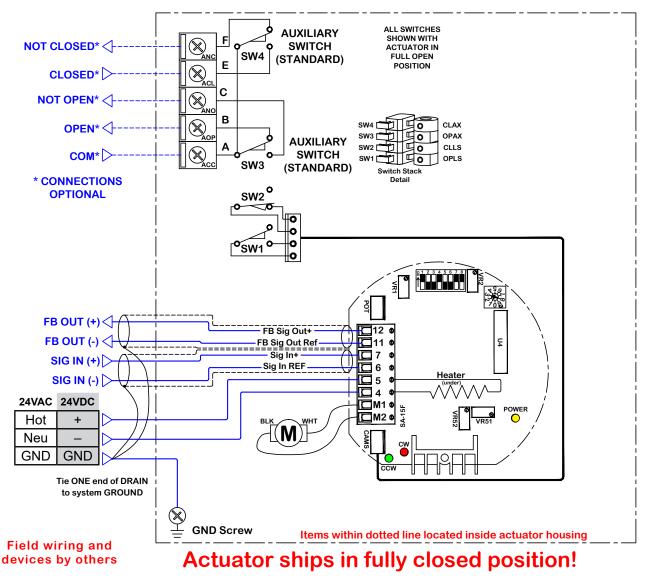
Do not use powered tools to turn the manual override -- it will DAMAGE the gear train or motor and VOID the warranty.

- 5. Make the electrical connections per wiring diagram on page 4.
 - Connect POWER to terminals 4 and 5.
 - Actuator accepts a 4-20mA, 2-10VDC, or 1-5VDC signal.
 - Connect control wires to the control card terminals marked 6 (COM) and 7 (+IN). The positive wire MUST connect to terminal 7 or the controller will not function.
 - Wires may be connected to terminals marked 11 (COM) and 12 (+OUT) for remote position indication.
 - Terminals A-F on the switch card are for the (adjustable) aux switches. They are dry type Form C rated 3A @ 250vac MAX.
 - The drain wire on the signal cables must be grounded at ONE END ONLY! (Preferably at the supply end).
- 6. Do NOT apply power at this time.

Installation Notes

- There are no mechanical stops on this model.
- These actuators are designed to be used between a horizontal and upright position. Do NOT mount the assembly with the actuator top below a horizontal position.
- When installing conduit, use proper techniques for entry into the actuator. Use drip loops to prevent conduit condensate from entering the actuator.
- Both NPT conduit ports MUST use proper equipment to protect the NEMA 4X integrity of the housing.
- The internal heater is to be used in ALL applications.
- Do NOT install the actuator outdoors or in humid environments unless it is powered up and the heater is functioning.





The default settings in the controller are as follows:

. Input/Output Signal: 4-20mA (unless otherwise specified at

time of Factory order)

2. Signal Response: Direct Acting (max signal = CCW)

3. Loss of Signal: Fail in Position

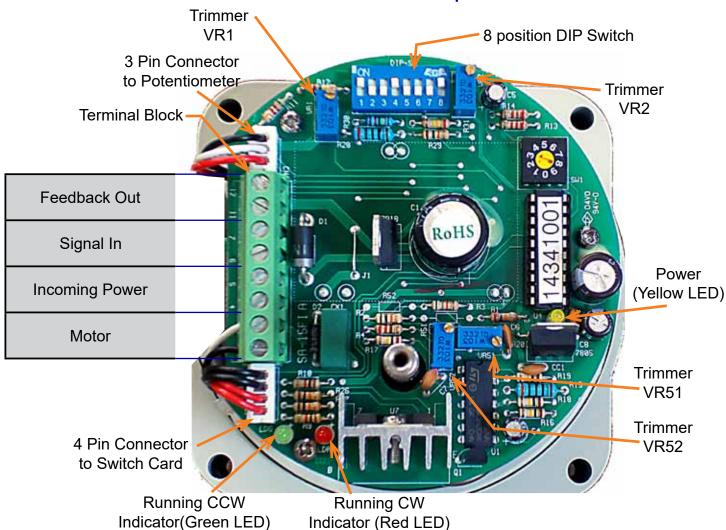
Wire Sizing Chart

•						
MAX distance between Actuator and Supply (feet)						
Actuator/ Voltage	P1 24VAC	P1 24VDC				
Amps Wire Gage	2.8A	1.3A				
18	59	127				
16	93	200				
14	150	323				

Wire sizing data is provided in the Wire Sizing Data table to assist in the selection of the proper wire size for these actuators using various wire sizes over distance.

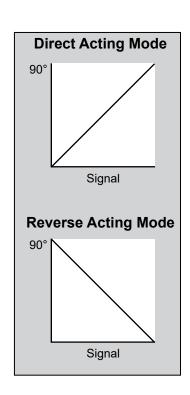
Please make sure to reference the correct voltage and do not exceed the indicated length of the wire run for each model.





Input, Feedback, Direct Acting, and Loss of Signal Table

DIP Switch Setting	DIP Switch Setting	DIP Switch Setting	Functions
DIP 1 On	P 1 On DIP 2 Off		4-20mA Signal Input
DIP 1 Off	DIP 2 Off		1-5V Signal Input
DIP 1 Off	DIP 2 On		2-10V Signal Input
DIP 3 Off	DIP 4 On	Dip 5 Off	4-20mA Signal Output
DIP 3 On	DIP 4 Off	Dip 5 On	2-10V Signal Output
DIP 6 Off			Direct Acting Mode
	DIP 7 On	DIP 8 On	Stay in Place on LOSS of Input Signal
	DIP 7 Off	DIP 8 On	CW on LOSS of Input Signal
	DIP 7 On	DIP 8 Off	CCW on LOSS of Input Signal
DIP 6 On			Reverse Acting Mode
	DIP 7 On	DIP 8 On	Stay in Place on LOSS of Input Signal
	DIP 7 Off	DIP 8 On	CCW on LOSS of Input Signal
	DIP 7 On	DIP 8 Off	CW on LOSS of Input Signal





Default Settings

Check End of Travel Settings

The actuators are tested, calibrated and shipped in the Full CW position in the Direct Acting mode. End of Travel cams are set at 90 degrees from each other.

- A. Set the control device (valve or damper) to the closed position.
- B. Mount the actuator to the device to be controlled (valve or damper).
- C. Insure that the CW End of Travel cam trips the CW End of Travel switch at the correct CW point.
 - C.1. If the switch does not change state at the correct CW position, adjust CAM 2 per instructions on page 7.
- D. Manually move (using manual override) the actuator so the valve or damper is in the fully CCW position. This must be ≤ 90 degrees of the full CW position.
- E. Insure that the CCW End of Travel cam trips the CCW End of Travel switch at the correct CCW point.
 - E.1. If the switch does not change state at the correct CCW position, adjust CAM 1 per instructions on page 7.

If the End of Travel cams are adjusted at all, the actuator must be recalibrated.

F. Test actuator and device with a control input signal to insure that control signal corresponds to correct actuator and device position.

Warning: DO NOT operate manual override when power is present. Geartrain damage and personal injury may occur.

Do not use powered tools to turn the manual override -- it will DAMAGE the gear train or motor and VOID the warranty.



P1 Manual Override



P1.A Manual Override



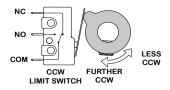
Adjusting the actuator CCW and CW positions (Cam adjustment)

Remove power from this device BEFORE making any End of Travel cam adjustments.

Cam 1

Cam 1 Adjustment

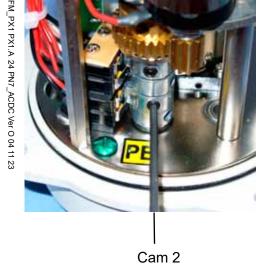
1. The lower cam is Cam 1, the CCW end-of-travel adjustment. Once the actuator is at its required CCW position, with POWER OFF, use a 2.5mm hex key to free up the cam set screw. Once it is free, rotate the hex key to the LEFT 10-15 degrees to reset the switch roller arm. Then snug the set screw up against the camshaft (CW) until slight pressure is felt. Then SLOWLY rotate the hex key pushing the cam to the RIGHT until you hear the "click" on the bottom switch indicating that correct adjustment has been achieved. Tighten the cam.

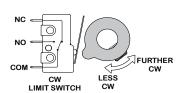


- 2. Apply power to the actuator and drive CW at least 15-20 degrees. Then drive the actuator CCW until the cam stops the electrical travel. Check to be sure this is the correct CCW position you require. Repeat step 1 if further adjustment is needed.
- 3. If using the Auxiliary Switches, adjust Cam 3 per instructions on page 8.



- 1. The second cam is Cam 2, the CW end of travel adjustment. Once the actuator is at its required CW position with POWER OFF, use a 2.5mm hex key to free up the cam set screw. Once it is free, rotate the hex key to the RIGHT 10-15 degrees to reset the switch roller arm. Then snug the set screw up against the camshaft (CW) until slight pressure is felt. Then SLOWLY rotate the hex key to the LEFT until you hear the "click" on the second switch indicating that correct adjustment has been achieved. Tighten the cam set screw.
- Apply power to the actuator and drive CCW at least 15-20 degrees. Then drive
 the actuator CW until the cam stops the electrical travel. Check to be sure this
 is the correct CW position you require. Repeat step 1 if further adjustment is
 needed. Remove power from the actuator.
 - If using the Auxiliary Switches, adjust Cam 4 per instructions on page 8.



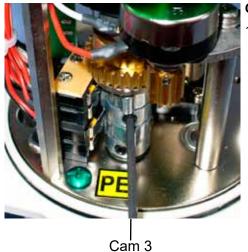


If the End of Travel cams are adjusted at all, the actuator must be recalibrated. Travel cams must be set with a rotation of 90 degrees or less for a successful Calibration.



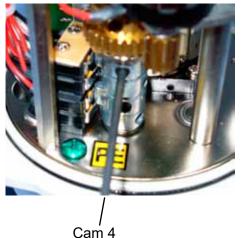
Adjusting the actuator Auxiliary Switches

Remove power from this device BEFORE making any End of Travel cam adjustments.



Cam 3 Adjustment

1. The third cam is Cam 3, the CCW auxiliary switch adjustment. Drive the actuator to its CCW position. Then use a 2.5mm hex key to free up the cam set screw. Once it is free, rotate the hex key to the LEFT 10-15 degrees to reset the switch roller arm. Then snug the set screw up against the camshaft (CW) until slight pressure is felt. Then SLOWLY rotate the hex key and cam to the RIGHT until you hear the "click" on the third switch. Continue to rotate the cam between 3 and 5 degrees to the RIGHT to make sure the auxiliary cam switch changes state before the actuator reaches its end of travel electrically. Tighten the cam set screw.

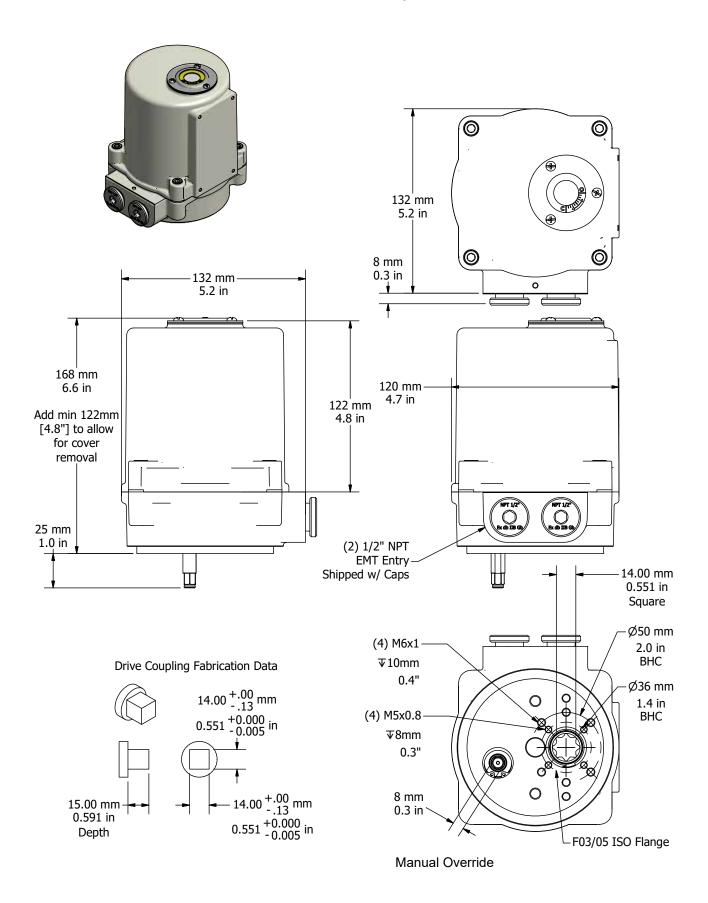


Cam 4 Adjustment

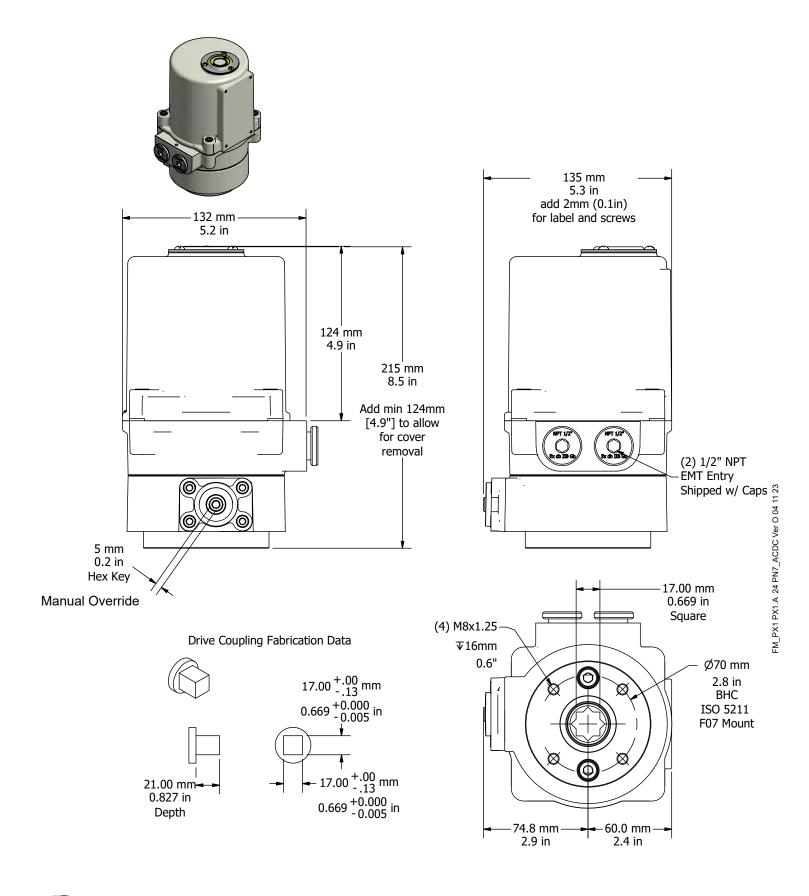
1. The fourth cam is Cam 4, the CW auxiliary switch adjustment. Drive the actuator to its CW position. Then use a 2.5mm hex key to free up the cam set screw. Once it is free, rotate the hex key to the RIGHT 10-15 degrees to reset the switch roller arm. Then snug the set screw up against the camshaft (CW) until slight pressure is felt. Then SLOWLY rotate the hex key to the LEFT until you hear the "click" on the fourth switch. Continue to rotate the cam between 3 and 5 degrees to the LEFT to make sure the auxiliary cam switch changes state before the actuator reaches its end of travel electrically. Tighten the cam set screw.

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Commissioning

This procedure will assume that the actuator is installed correctly both mechanically and electrically with correct power at terminals marked 4 & 5 and control signal at terminals marked 6 & 7.

- 1. Apply the correct supply power to the actuator.
 - NOTE Power is measured at terminals marked 4 & 5 on the actuator.
 - The POWER (Yellow) LED will illuminate whenever power is on.
- Test Full CW and CCW Positions for Direct Acting Mode (DIP 6 set to OFF)
 - 2.A Generate a MAXIMUM control signal at the PLC or signal generator.
 - The actuator will drive to the full CCW position (as viewed from ABOVE the actuator).
 - II. If this is NOT the correct stop position, refer to Adjusting the actuator CCW position instructions for CAM 1 on Page 7 in this document.
 - 2.B Generate a MINIMUM control signal at the PLC or signal generator.
 - I. The actuator will drive to the full CW position (as viewed from ABOVE the actuator).
 - II. If this is NOT the correct stop position, refer to Adjusting the actuator CW position instructions for CAM 2 on Page 7 in this document.
- 3. Test Full CW and CCW Positions for **Reverse Acting Mode** (DIP 6 set to ON)
 - 3.A Generate a MAXIMUM control signal at the PLC or signal generator.
 - I. The actuator will drive to the full CW position (as viewed from ABOVE the actuator).
 - II. If this is NOT the correct stop position, refer to Adjusting the actuator CW position instructions for CAM 2 on Page 7 in this document.
 - 3.B Generate a MINIMUM control signal at the PLC or signal generator.
 - I. The actuator will drive to the full CCW position (as viewed from ABOVE the actuator).
 - II. If this is NOT the correct stop position, refer to Adjusting the actuator CCW position instructions for CAM 1 on Page 7 in this document.

NOTE- The feedback signal generator shows the 4-20mA or 2-10vdc position output at terminals marked 11 (-) & 12 (+).

IF THE END OF TRAVEL CAMS ARE ADJUSTED, THEN THE ACTUATOR MUST BE RECALIBRATED. REFER TO CALIBRATION PROCEDURE ON PAGE 12.



